EPA'S ROLE IN APPROVING BASIN PLAN AMENDMENTS

WHICH BPAS REQUIRE EPA REVIEW?

> NEW OR REVISED WATER QUALITY STANDARDS

> TOTAL MAXIMUM DAILY LOADS (TMDLs)

NEW OR REVISED WATER QUALITY STANDARDS

- BENEFICIAL USES
- WATER QUALITY OBJECTIVES
- **ANTIDEGRADATION**
- ▶ POLICIES GENERALLYAFFECTING IMPLEMENTATION OF WQS, E.G.
 - Mixing Zones
 - **♦** Low Flows
 - ♦ Variances
 - ◆ Compliance Schedules

TMDLs

TMDL = Σ WLAs + Σ LAs + NB

WLA = portion of receiving water's loading capacity allocated to a point source

LA = portion of receiving water's loading capacity attributed to a nonpoint source

NB = Natural background

SOURCE OF EPA'S AUTHORITY TO REVIEW

CLEAN WATER ACT

§303(c) for WQS [40 CFR 131]

§303(d) for TMDLs
[40 CFR 130,2 and 130,7]

WQS REGULATIONS 40 CFR 131

- § 131.1 Scope
- § 131.2 Purpose
- § 131.3 Definitions
- § 131.4 State Authority
- § 131.5 EPA Authority
- § 131.6 Minimum requirements for WQS submission

WQS Regs: 40 CFR 131 (cont.)

- § 131.10 Designation of Uses
- § 131.11 Criteria
- § 131.12 Antidegradation policy
- § 131.13 General Policies
- § 131.20 State review and revision
- § 131.21 EPA review and approval
- § 131.22 EPA promulgation of WQS
- § 131.38 CA Toxics Rule

TDML Regulations

40 CFR 130.2: Definitions

40 CFR 130.7: TMDLs

130.7(c) - Development of TMDLs and individual water quality based effluent limitations

130.7(d) - Submission and EPA approval

WHAT DECISIONS CAN EPA MAKE?

- **APPROVE**
- **DISAPPROVE**

EPA'S REVIEW PROCESS

- Receive State's submission
 If complete, date received starts the clock
 - · WQS
 - 60 days to approve
 - 90 days to disapprove
 - TMDL
 - 30 days to approve or disapprove

- FOR WQ5: Review submission for completeness and consistency with 40 CFR 131.5 and 131.6
 - Use designations consistent with CWA §§ 101(a)(2) and 303(c)(2)?
 - Sufficient scientific/technical basis for omitting any 101(a)(2) uses?
 - Criteria sufficient to protect uses?
 - Supporting methods and analyses?
 - Antideg policy?
 - OAL certification?
 - Sufficient info re: general policies?

- FOR TMDLs: Review submission for completeness and consistency with 40 CFR 130.2 and 130.7
 - Sufficient to attain/maintain WQS?
 - Separate TMDLs, WLAs for point sources, and LAs for nonpoint sources and background?
 - Accounts for seasonal variation?
 - Margin of safety?
 - Accounts for critical conditions for stream flow, loading, and water quality parameters?

- > Complete ESA consultation (WQS)
 - Endangered Species Act §7: federal actions shall not jeopardize threatened or endangered species
 - If cannot complete within 60 days of submittal, may act "subject to the results of consultation"

- > Approve or disapprove
 - Region has authority to approve WQS
 - WQS disapproval requires HQ concurrence
 - Region has authority to approve or disapprove TMDLs

> Approved WQS are posted in the National Database of WQS on EPA's website:

http://www.epa.gov/waterscience/standards/wqslibrary

Approved TMDLs are posted on state websites (EPA does not publish)

TIPS FOR IMPROVING THE LIKELIHOOD OF EPA APPROVAL

- Get to know your EPA liaisons
- Coordinate early and often
- Ensure T&E species are protected
- Respond to EPA comments

TIPS FOR IMPROVING THE LIKELIHOOD OF EPA APPROVAL

- Make sure conclusions are supported by data
- Clearly identify geographical scope, pollutants and waters covered
- □ Include and identify all required elements in submission